PRE-ARREST DIVERSION: **PATHWAYS TO COMMUNITY** POLICE, TREATMENT AND COMMUNITY COLLABORATIVE



Self-Referral • Individual initiates contact with law enforcement for a treatment referral (without fear of arrest), preferably a warm handoff to treatment. Example: Police Assisted Addiction and Recovery Initiative (PAARI) Angel Program

Active Outreach • Law enforcement initially IDs or seeks individuals; a warm handoff is made to treatment provider, who engages them in treatment. Examples: Police Assisted Addiction and Recovery Initiative (PAARI) Arlington; Quick Response Team (QRT)

Naloxone Plus • Engagement with treatment as part of an overdose response or a severe substance use disorder at acute risk for opioid overdose. Examples: Drug Abuse Response Team (DART); Stop, Triage, Engage, Educate and Rehabilitate (STEER); Quick Response Team (QRT)

Officer Prevention • Law enforcement initiates treatment engagement; no charges are filed. Examples: Crisis Intervention Team (CIT); Law Enforcement Assisted Diversion (LEAD) Social Contact; Stop, Triage, Engage, Educate and Rehabilitate (STEER); Mobile Crisis; Co-Responders; Crisis/Triage/Assessment Centers; Veterans Diversion

*Officer Intervention • Law enforcement initiates treatment engagement; charges are held in abeyance or citations issued, with requirement for completion of treatment and/or social service plan. Examples: Civil Citation Network (CCN); Crisis Intervention Team (CIT); Law Enforcement Assisted Diversion (LEAD) Assessment; Stop, Triage, Engage, Educate and Rehabilitate (STEER); Veterans Diversion



To learn more about PTACC, contact Jac Charlier, Executive Director at the Center for Health and Justice at TASC, at jcharlier@tasc.org or 312.573.8302